

Item 4G - Sustainable Management Criteria

- Basin “Stress Test” Model Scenarios - Update
- SW Depletion from GW Pumping - Stream Flow Cross Over Analyses



Basin “Stress Test”

Preliminary Draft - For Internal Discussion Purposes Only

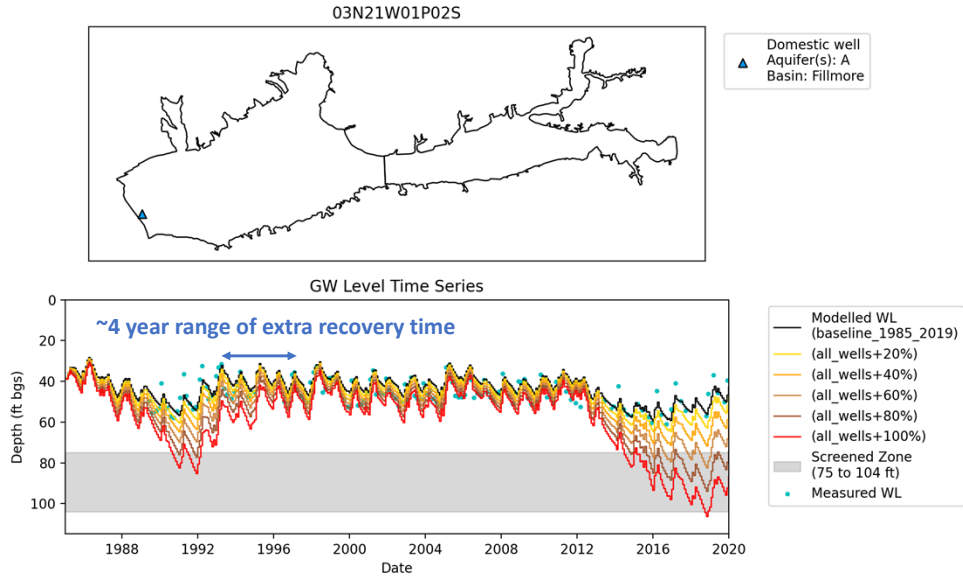
- GW pumping increased for all well categories by 20%, 40%, 60%, 80%, & 100%

Pumping , AFY	Fillmore basin	Piru basin	Total for both basins
Baseline	46,760	11,390	58,150
Baseline + 20%	56,120	13,670	69,780
Baseline + 40%	65,470	15,950	81,420
Baseline + 60%	74,820	18,220	93,050
Baseline + 80%	84,180	20,500	104,680
Baseline + 100%	93,530	22,780	116,310

(Values rounded to nearest 10 AFY)

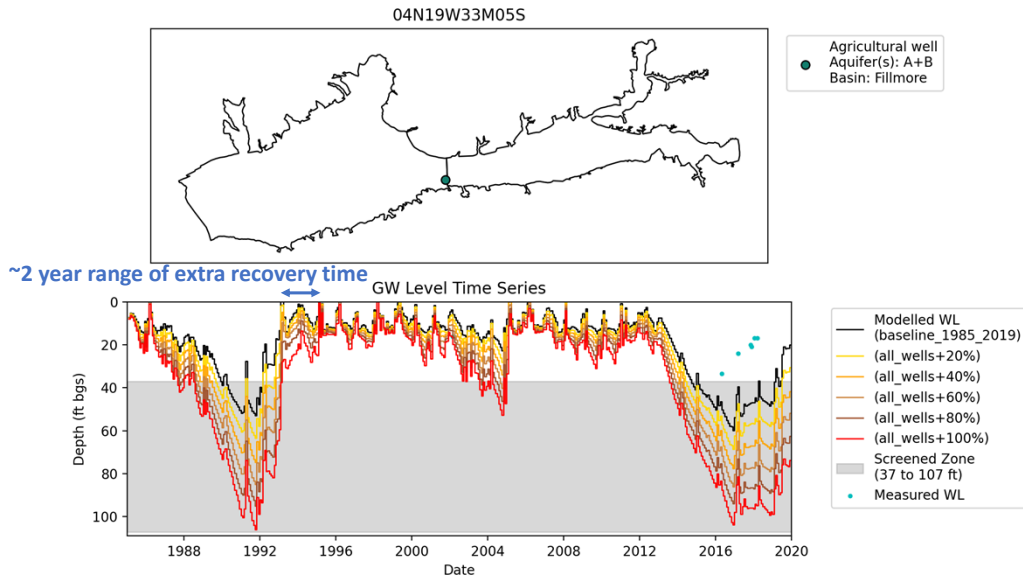
# Basin "Stress Test"

Preliminary Draft - For Internal Discussion Purposes Only



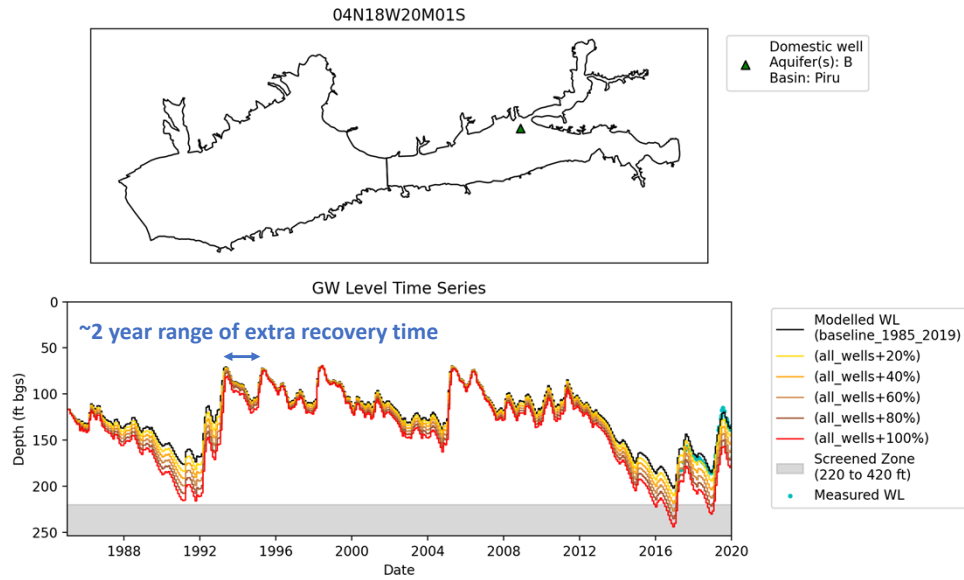
# Basin "Stress Test"

Preliminary Draft - For Internal Discussion Purposes Only



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Preliminary Draft - For Internal Discussion Purposes Only



## Basin "Stress Test" - Summary *(based on limited # of wells)*

In general...

Pumping Scenario	Extra Recovery Time Needed
Baseline + 20%	0 to 0.5 year
Baseline + 40%	0.5 to 1 year
Baseline + 60%	1 to 2 years
Baseline + 80%	2 to 3 years
Baseline + 100%	2 to 4 years

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## Basin “Stress Test” - Summary

Pumping Scenario	No. of Wells with GW Level below Bottom of Screen							
	Fillmore				Piru			
	Agricultural	Domestic	Municipal	Industrial	Agricultural	Domestic	Municipal	Industrial
Baseline	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Baseline + 20%	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Baseline + 40%	2	4	0	0	0	1	0	1
Baseline + 60%	4	7	0	0	1	1	0	1
Baseline + 80%	6	10	0	0	5	1	0	1
Baseline + 100%	14	17	0	0	5	1	0	1

\* No. reflects number of wells (with known screen construction information) predicted to go dry at any time.

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### Item 4A - Sustainable Management Criteria

## Water Level - Stream Flow Cross Over Analyses

- Expand relationship(s) between WLs in wells near rising GW areas and measured SW flow
- Impact of pumping on SW flows



## Water Level - Stream Flow Cross Over Analyses

Results of the analyses done by United:

- cross over relationship between WLs and SW flow; and
- impact of pumping on SW flow

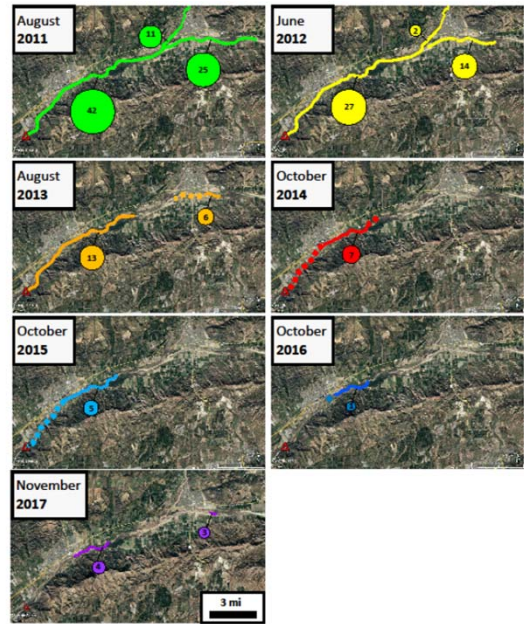
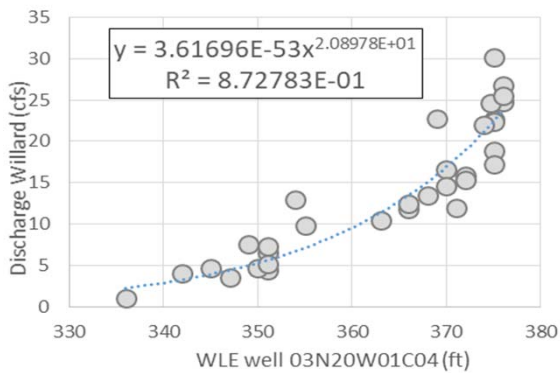


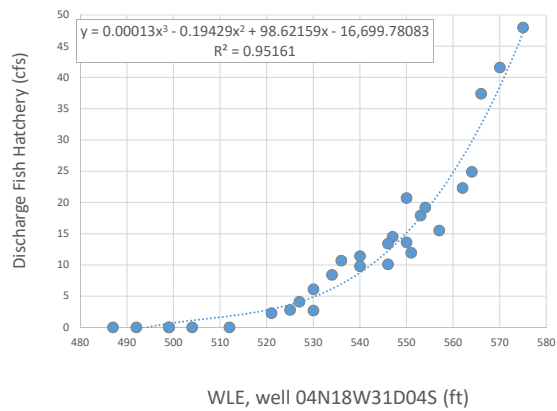
Figure 5.2-2. Length of wetted areas (colored lines) in the lower Santa Clara River, upstream of the Freeman Diversion (indicated by red triangle). Reaches where the end of the wetted area is uncertain are indicated by dotted lines. Flow rates (cfs) are indicated in circles, scaled according to magnitude.

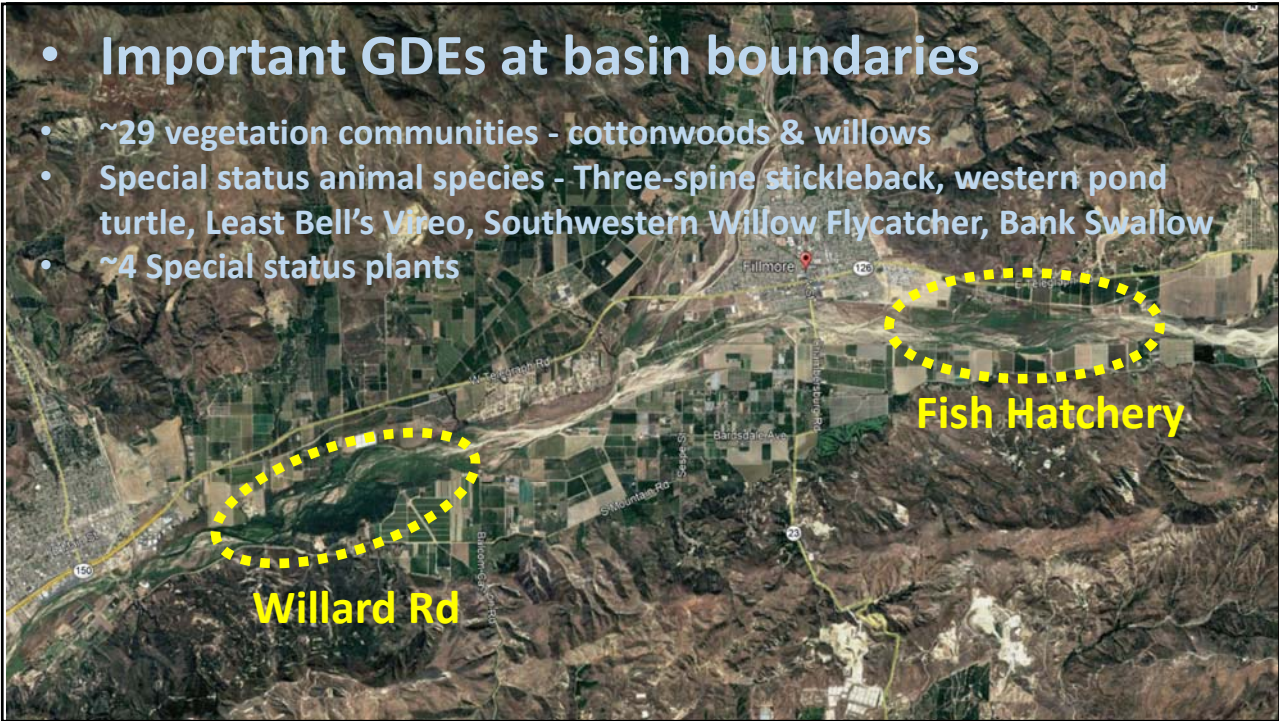
## Water Level - Stream Flow Cross Over Analyses

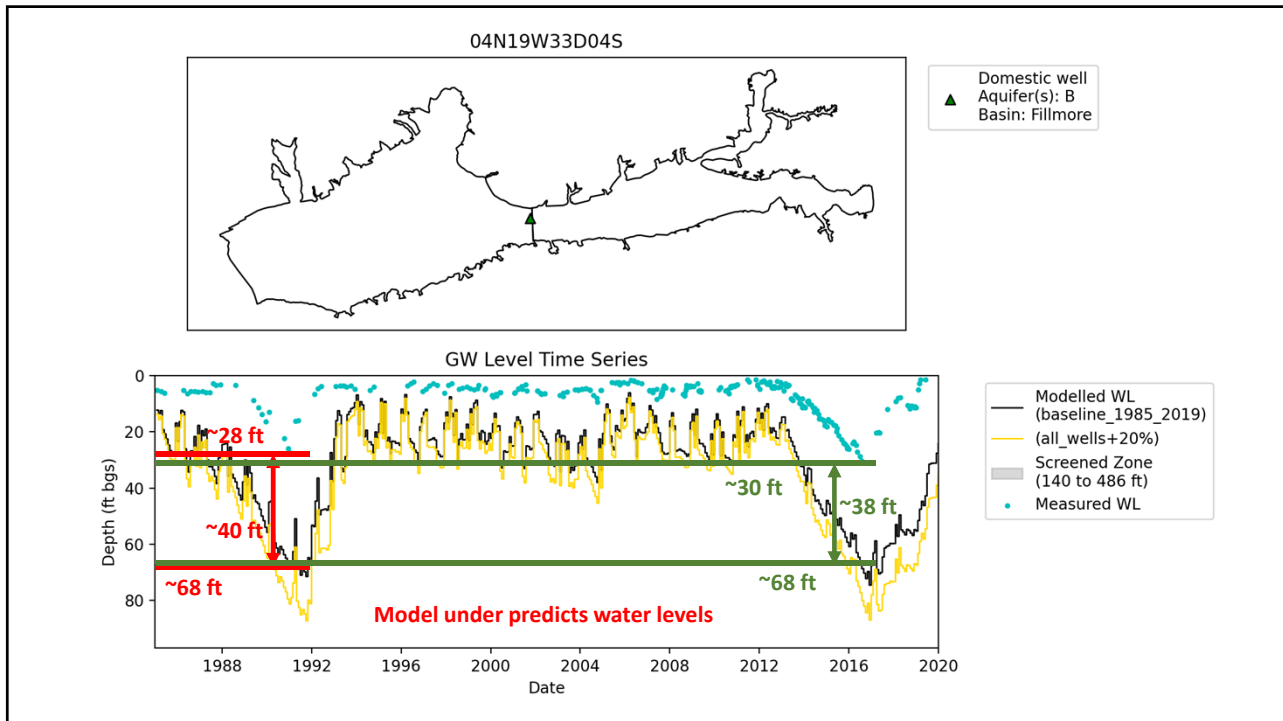
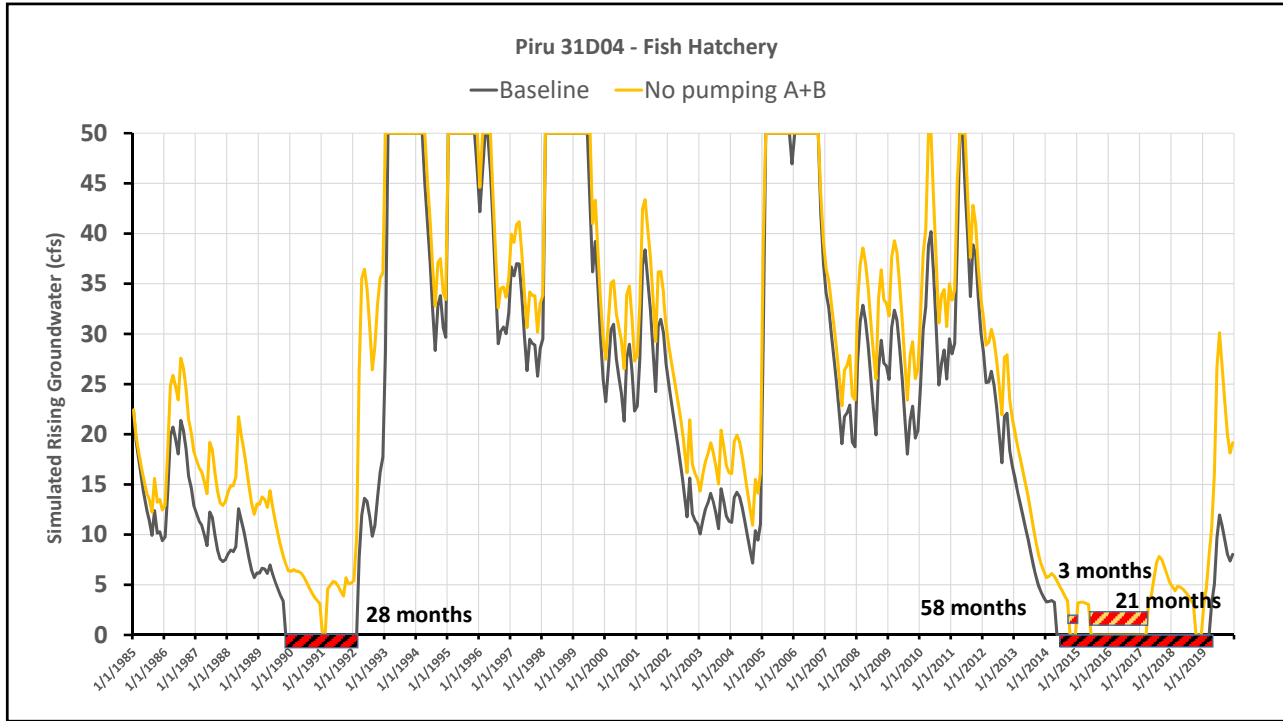
**Willard Road**

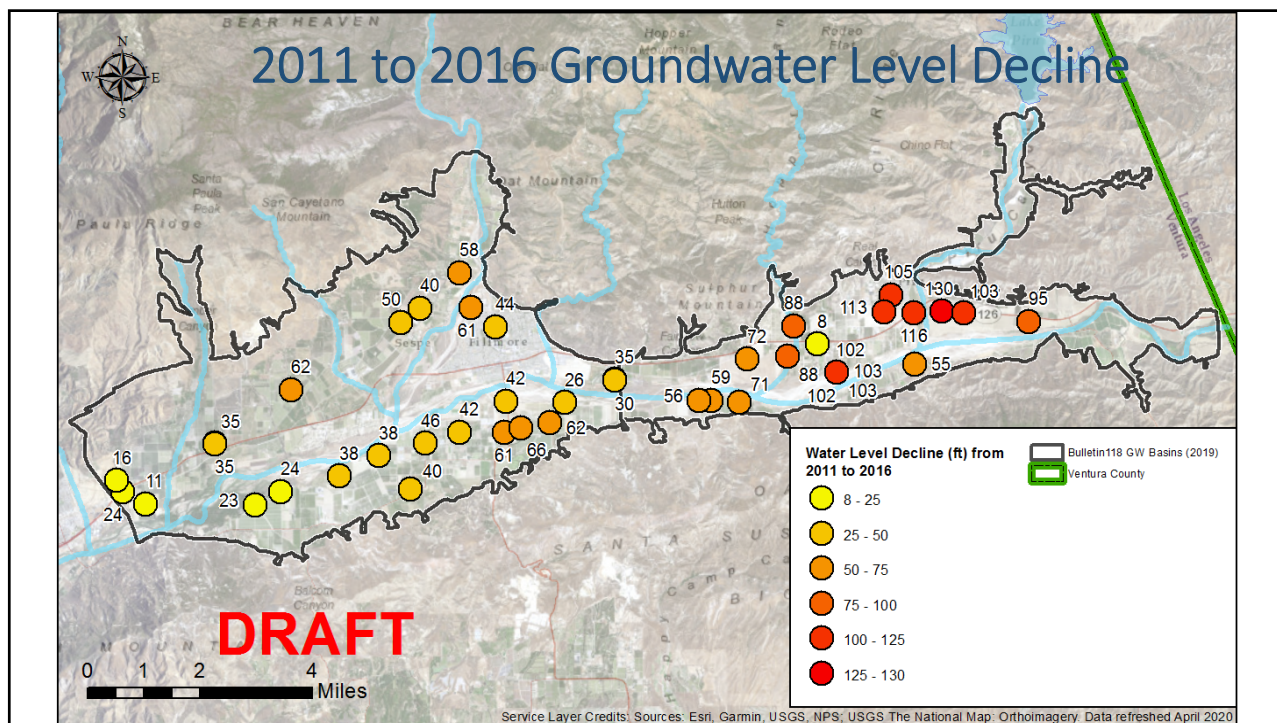
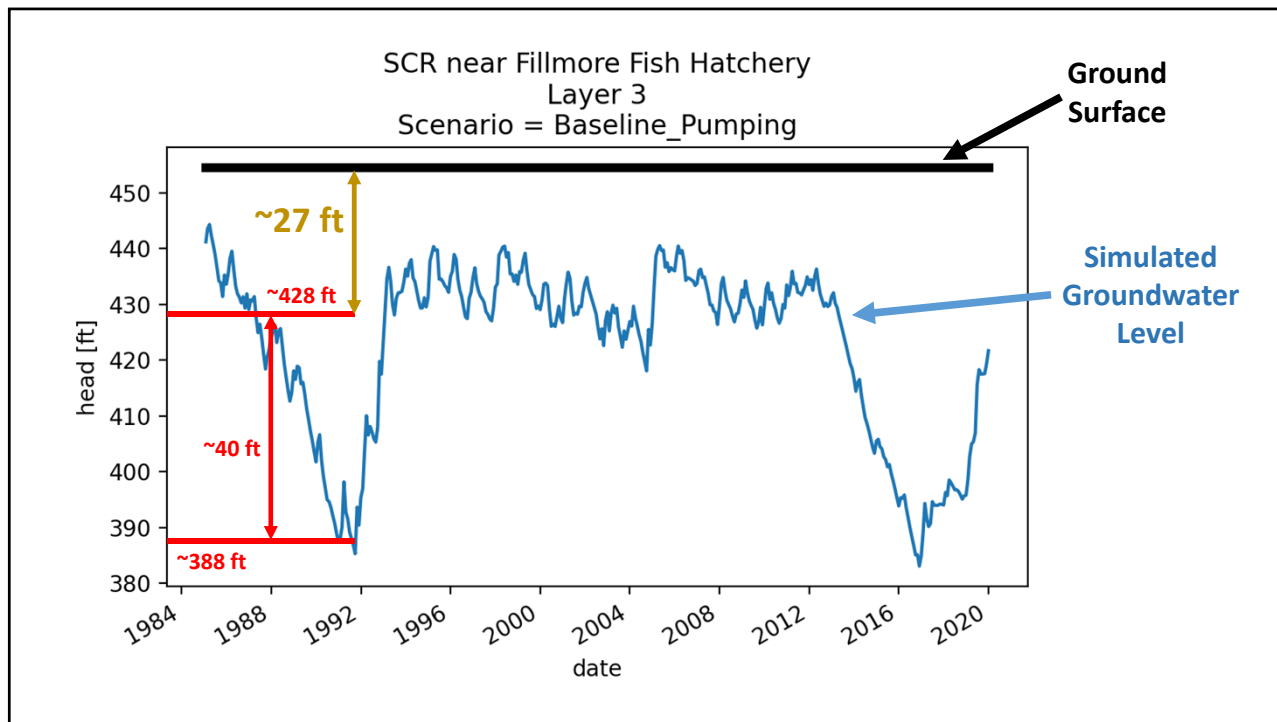


**Fish Hatchery**











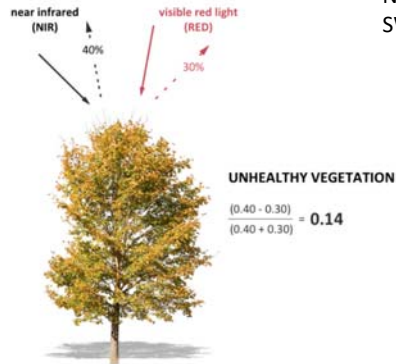
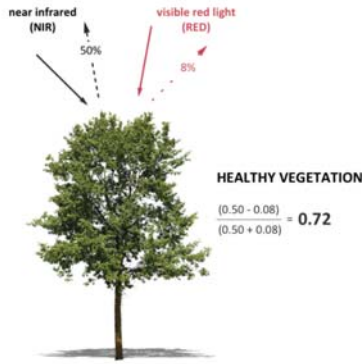
## Satellite-Derived Vegetation Data

**Normalized Derived Vegetation Index (NDVI)**  
measures "greenness"

**Normalized Derived Moisture Index (NDMI)**  
estimates vegetation moisture

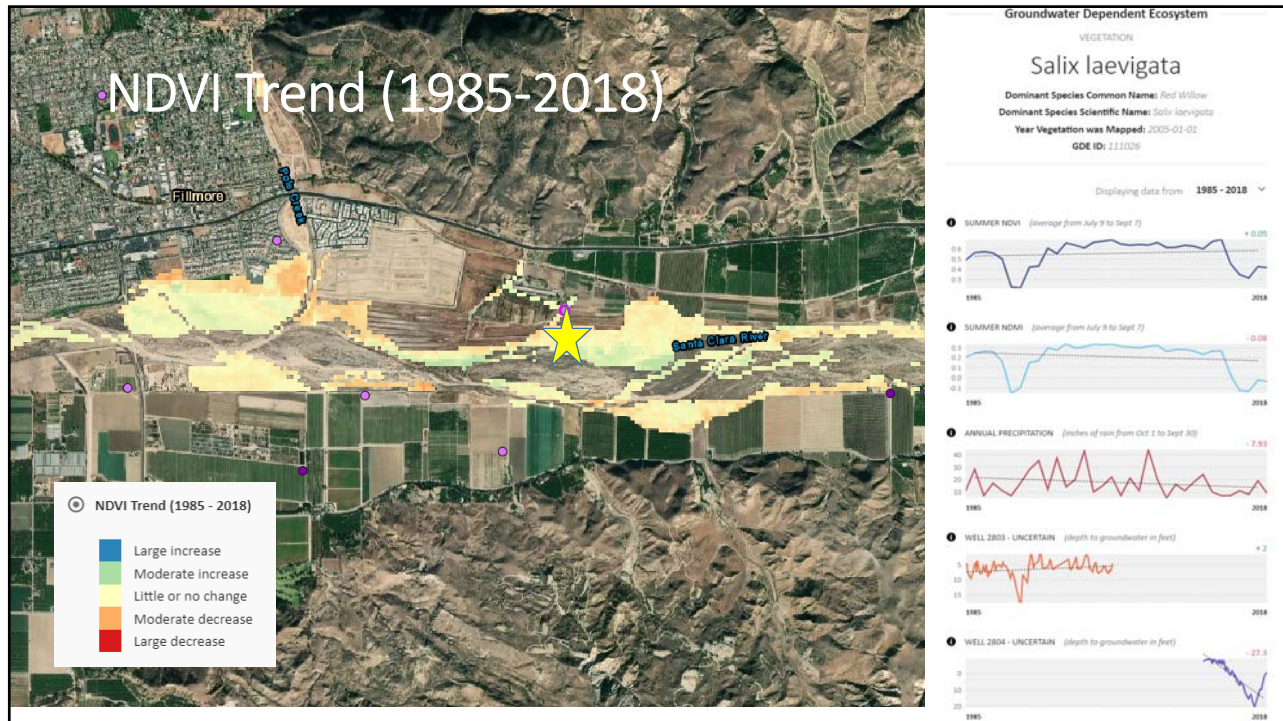
TABLE 1 Vegetation Metrics in GDE Pulse

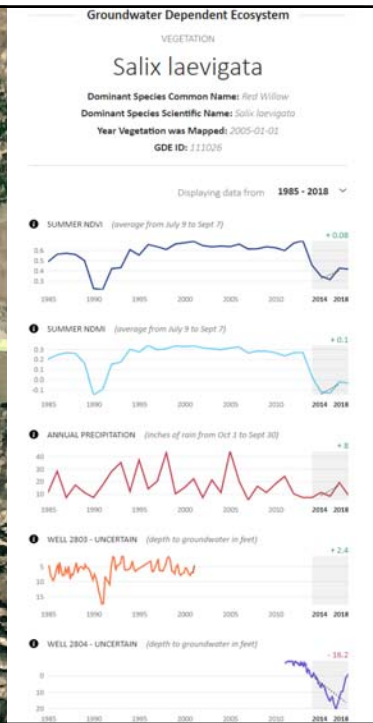
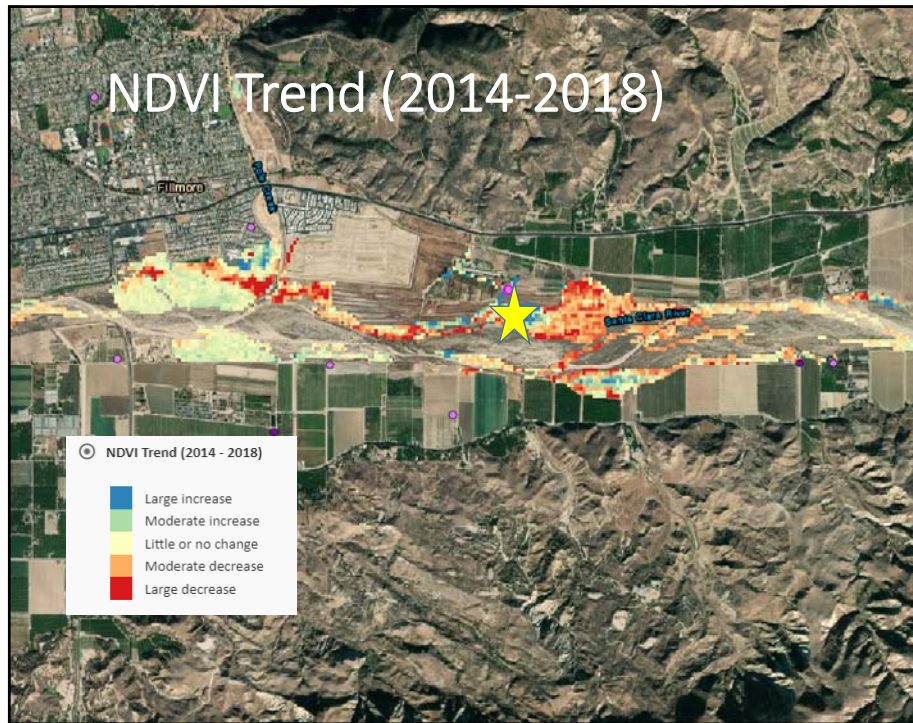
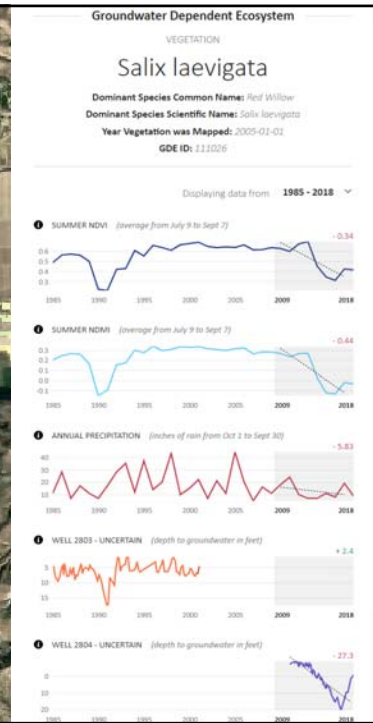
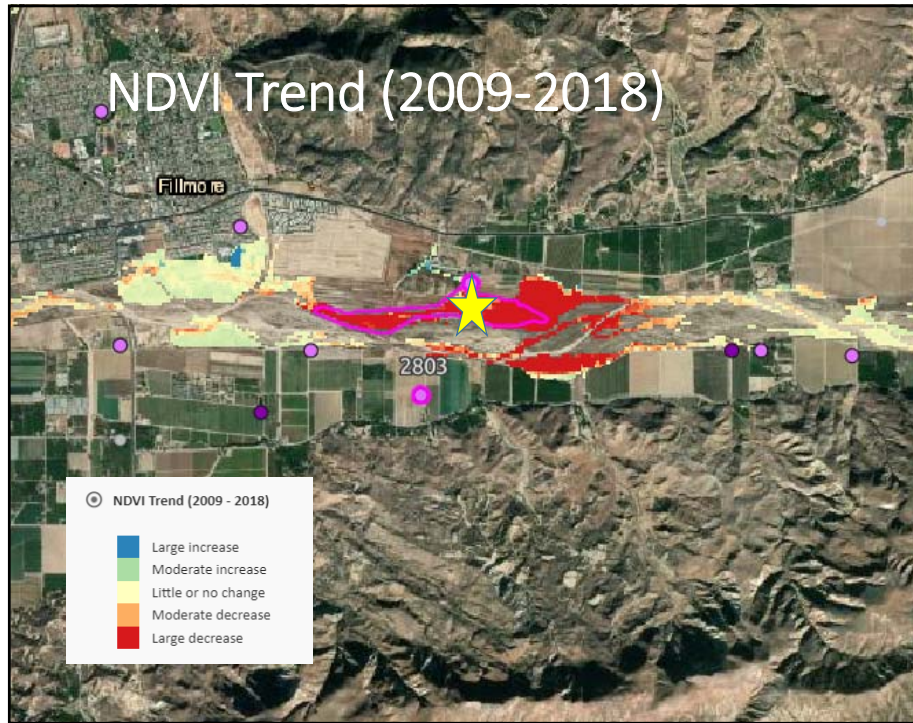
Spectral Index	Equation	Source
NDVI	$NDVI = (NIR - red) / (NIR + red)$	(Rouse et al. 1974)
NDMI	$NDMI = (NIR - SWIR) / (NIR + SWIR1)$	(Wilson and Sader 2002)



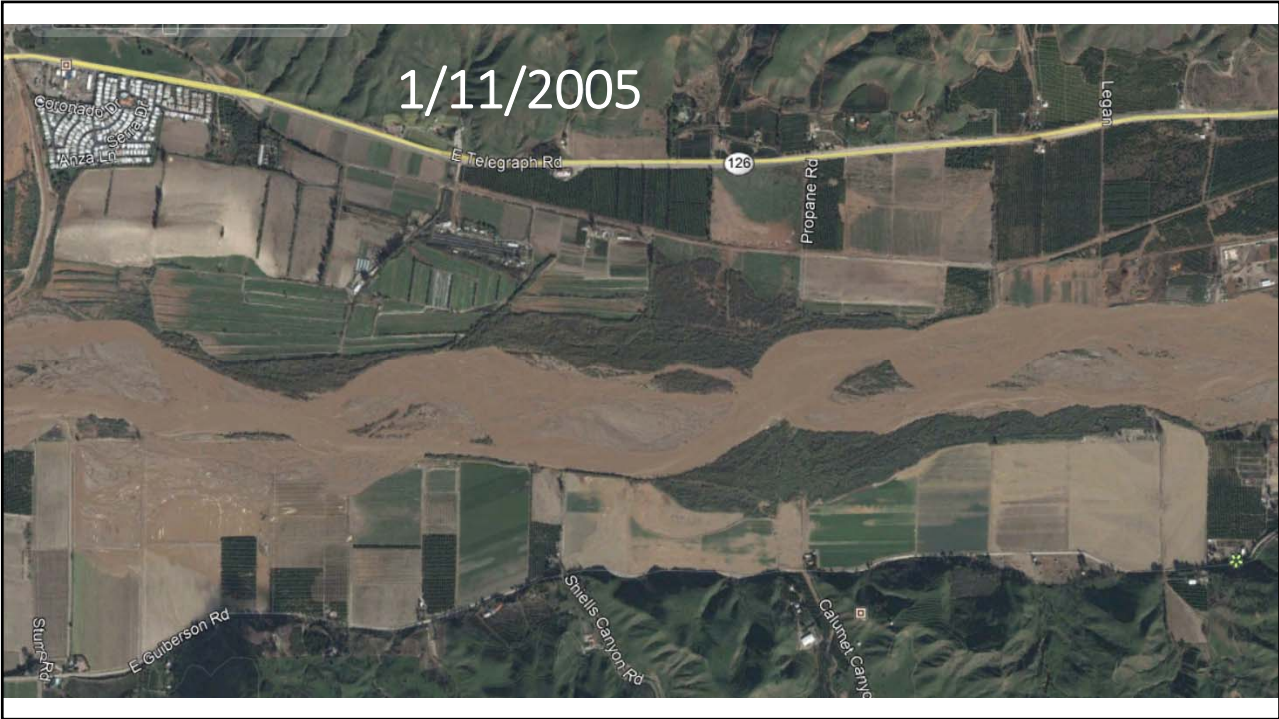
NIR = near infrared  
SWIR = short wave infrared

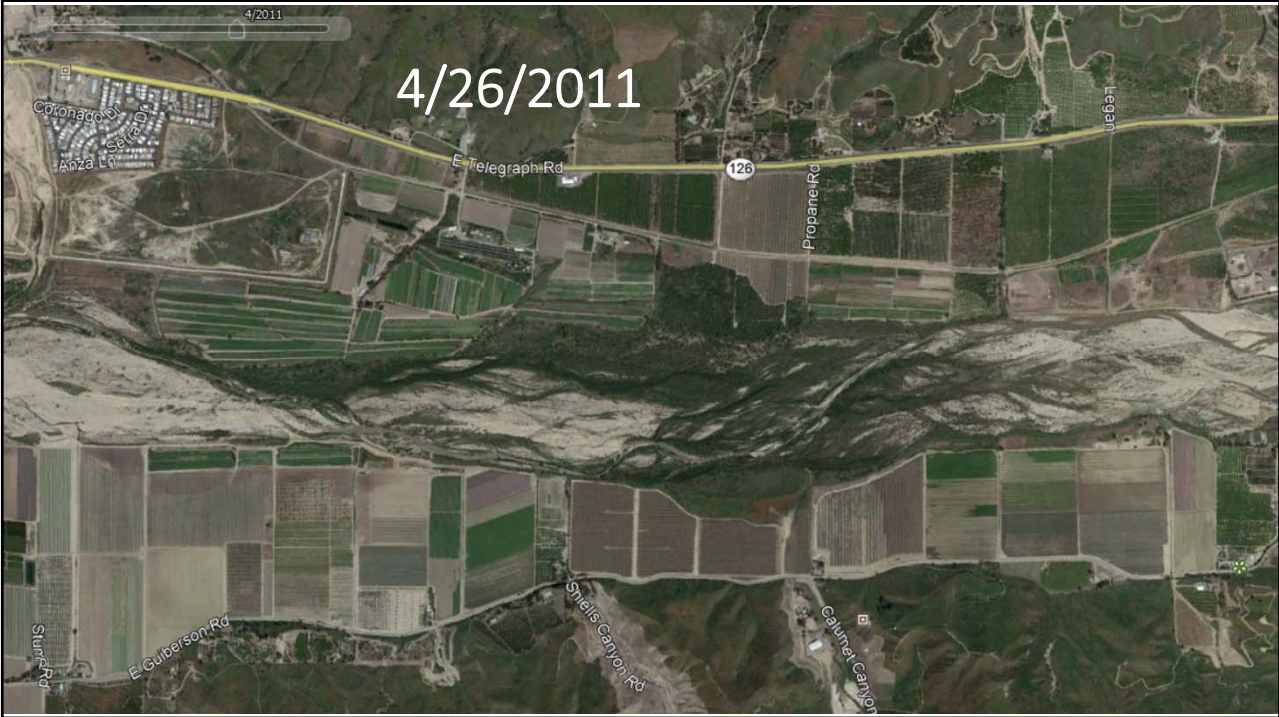
<https://groundwaterresourcehub.org/sgma-tools/gde-pulse/>

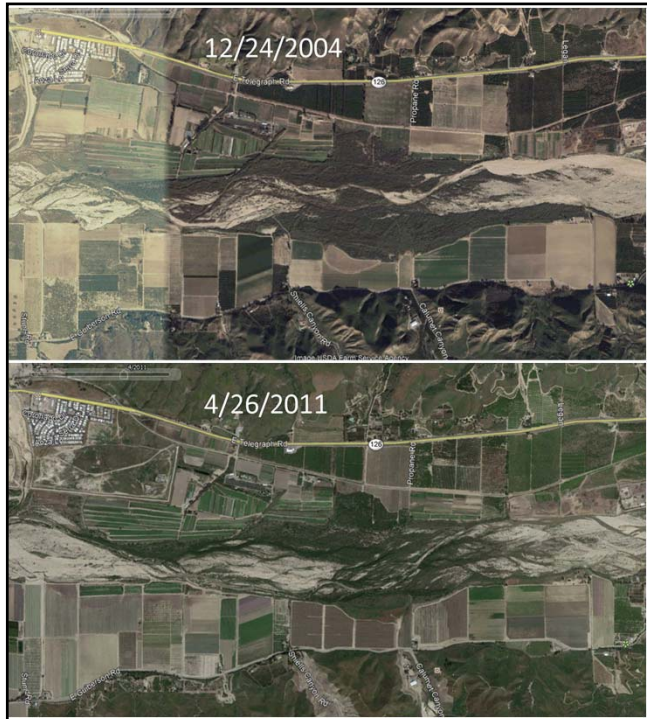






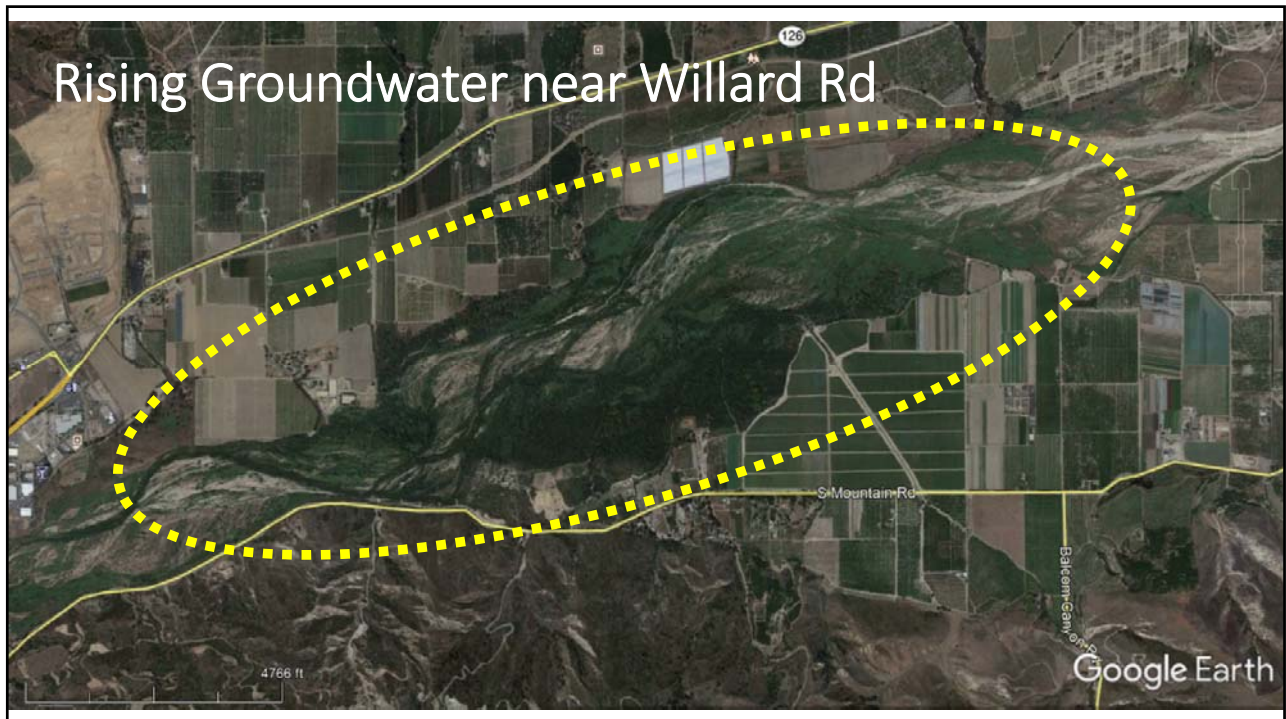


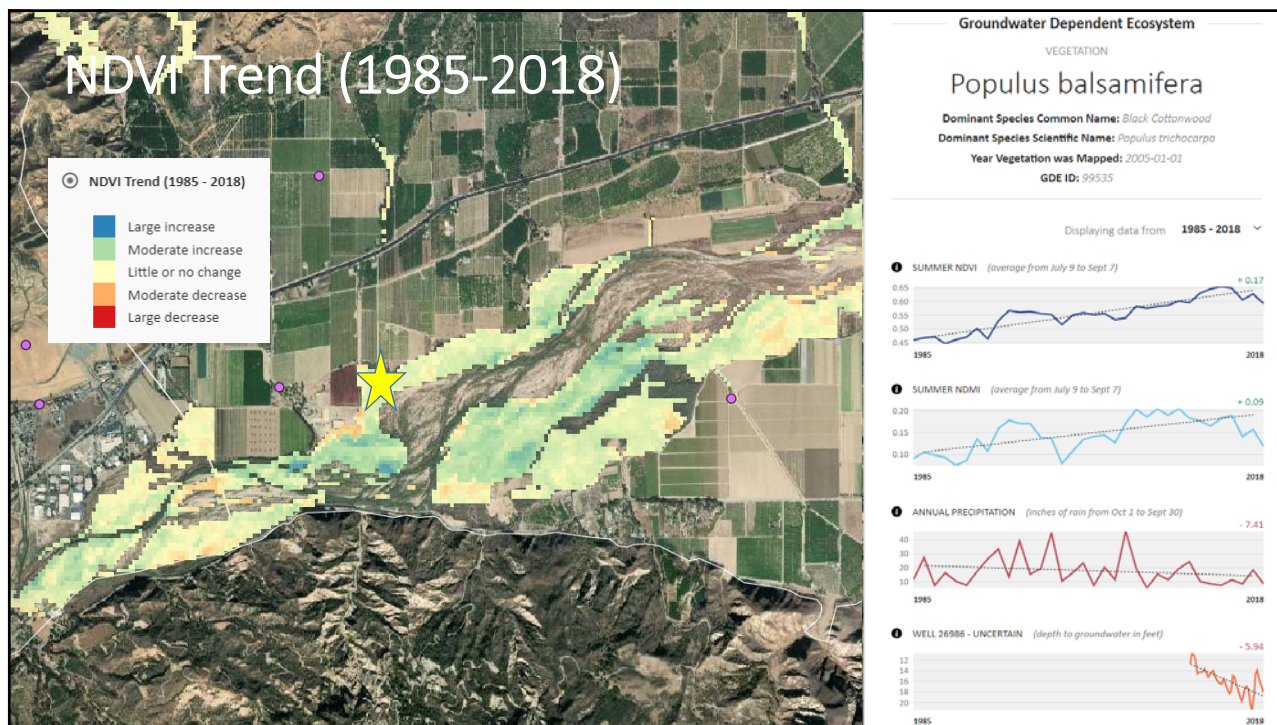
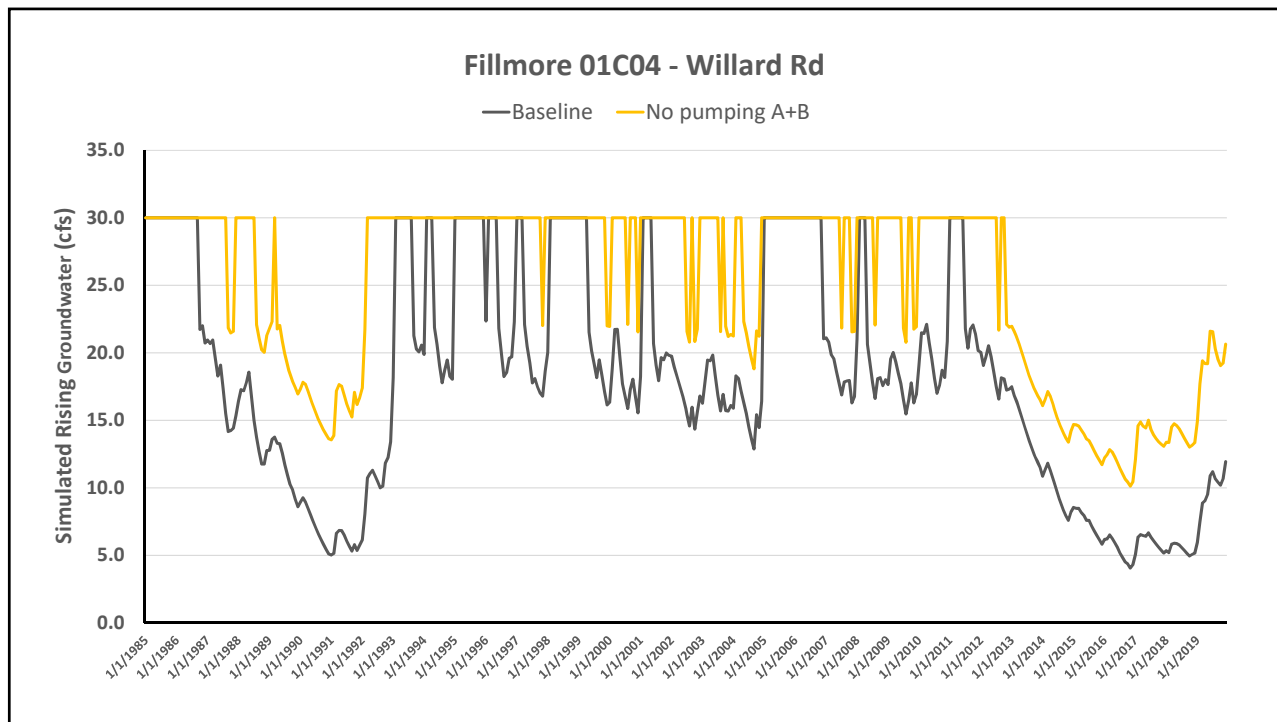


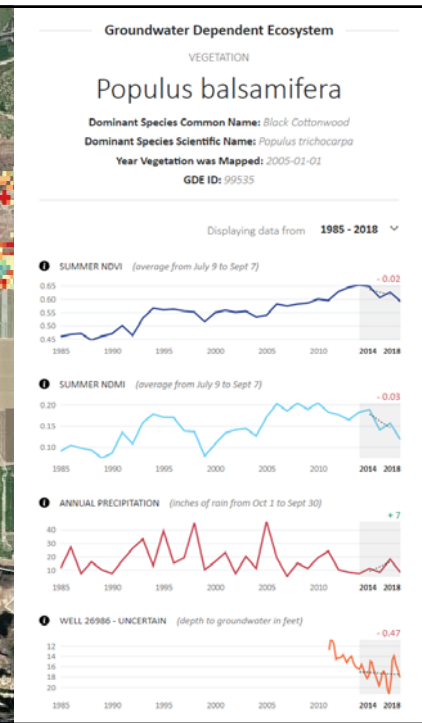
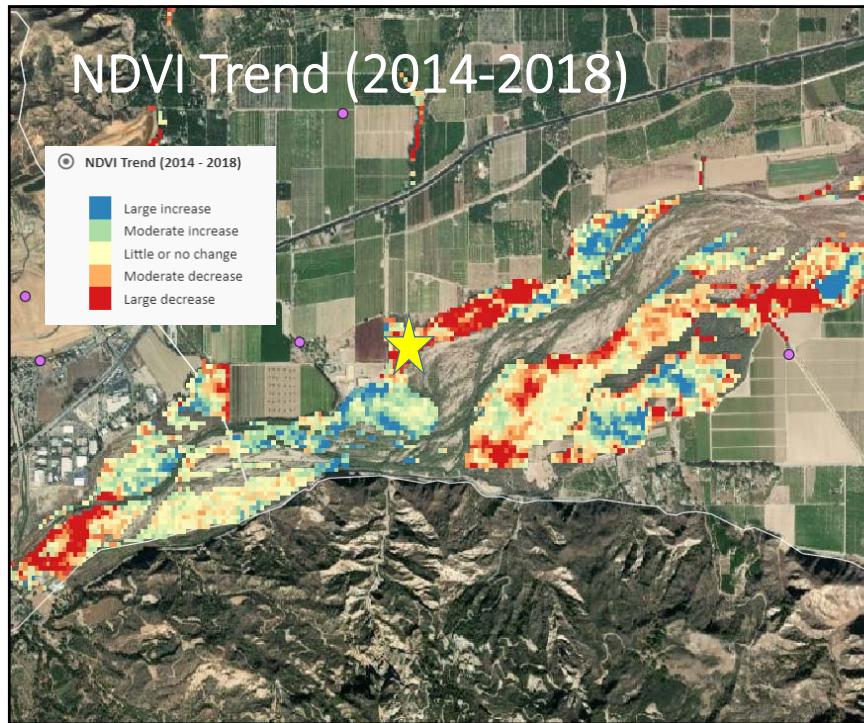
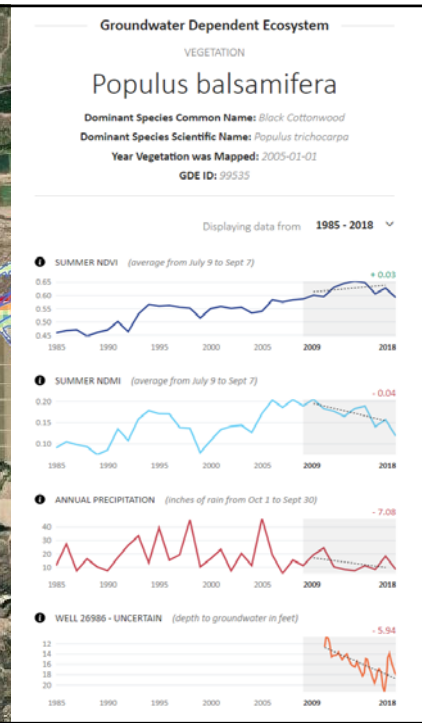
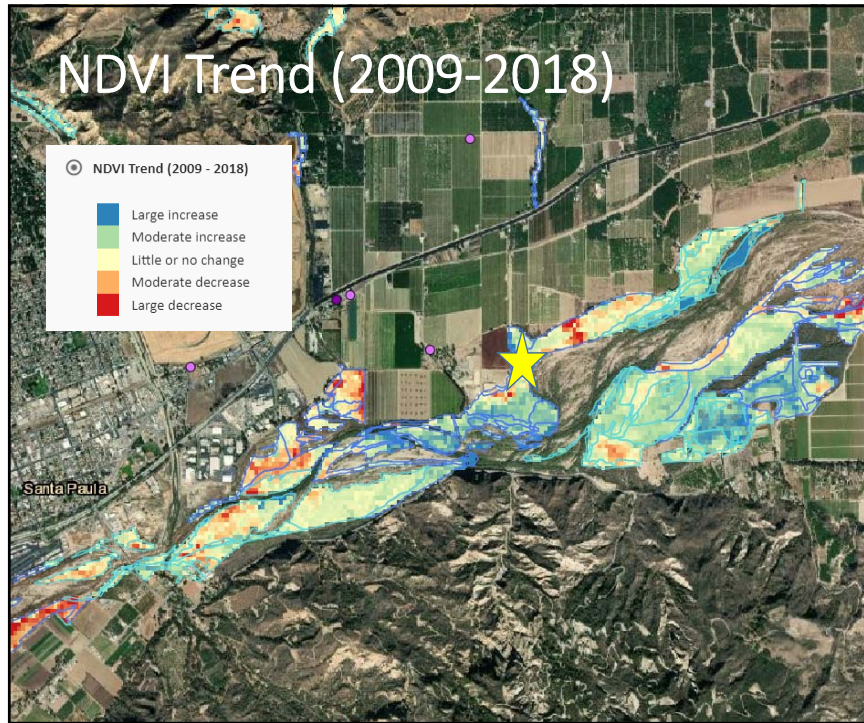


### Observations

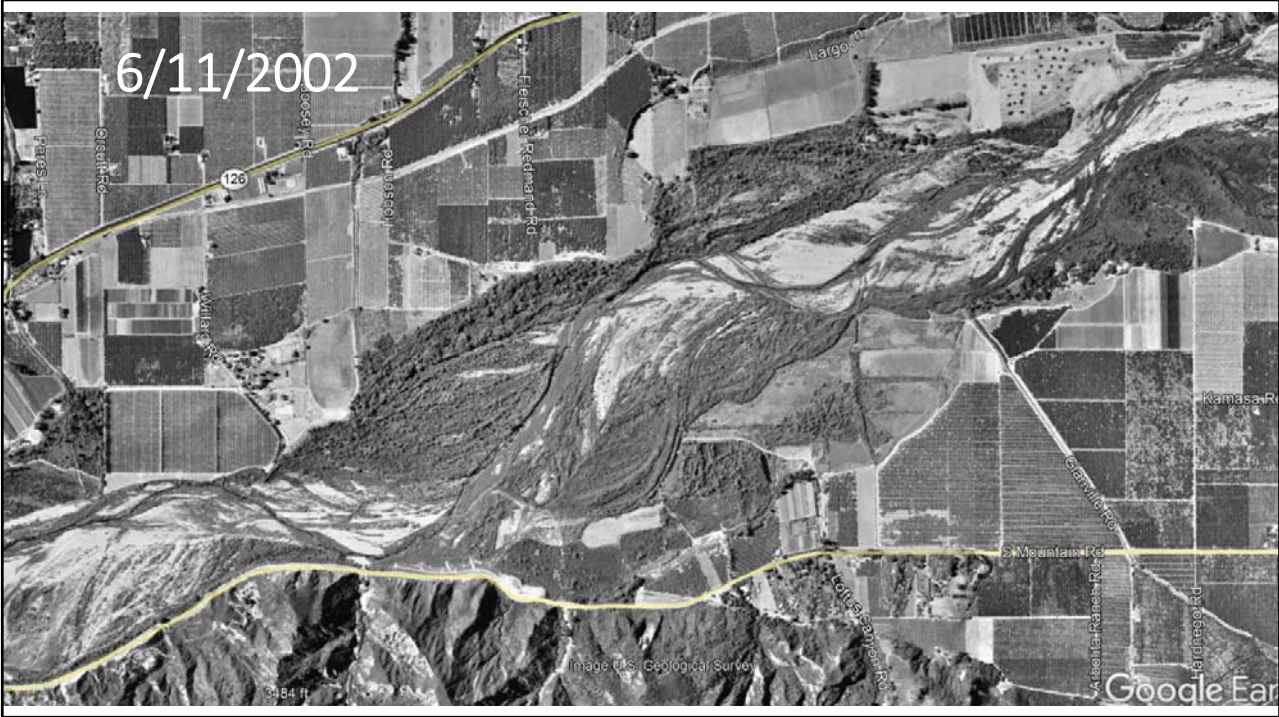
- ✓ Significant recovery from scour associated with storm flows
- ✓ Drought periods stress vegetation (NDVI)
- ✓ Vegetation recovers from drought stress (NDVI)
- ✓ GW model suggests rising groundwater is partially depleted due to GW extractions
- ✓ Rising GW is depleted during major drought events - WLs estimated to be ~30 ft bgs

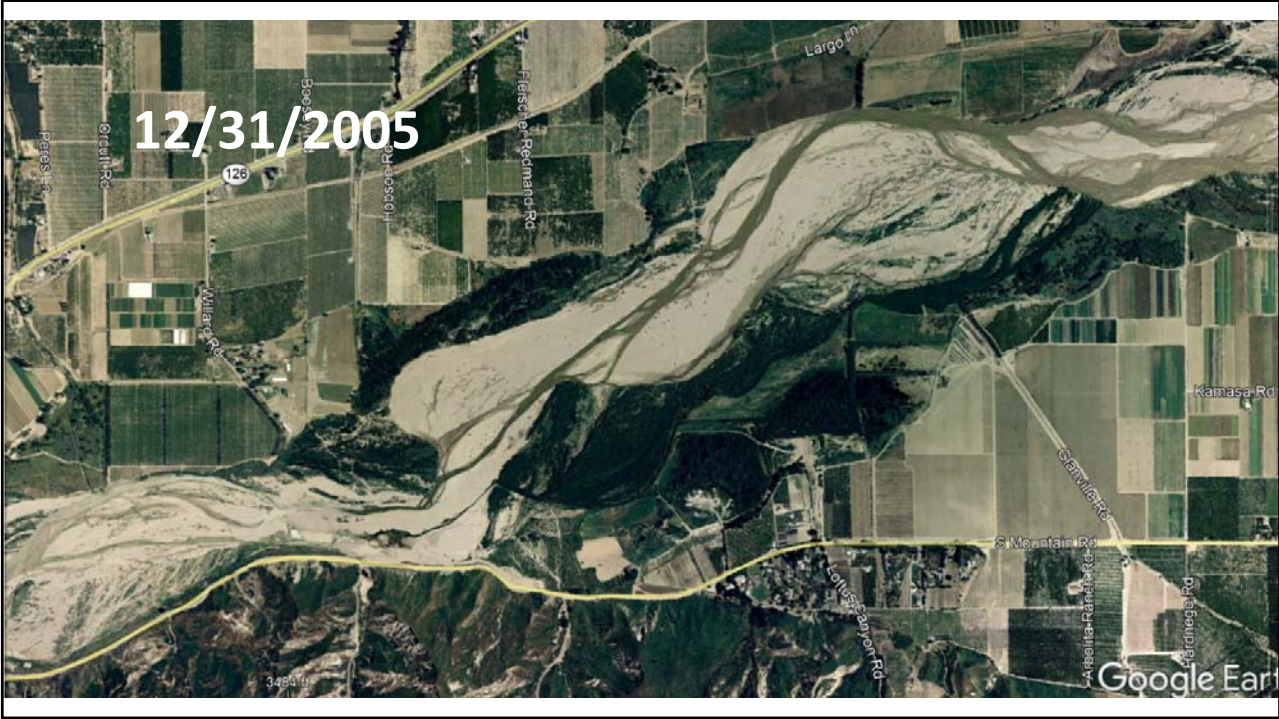
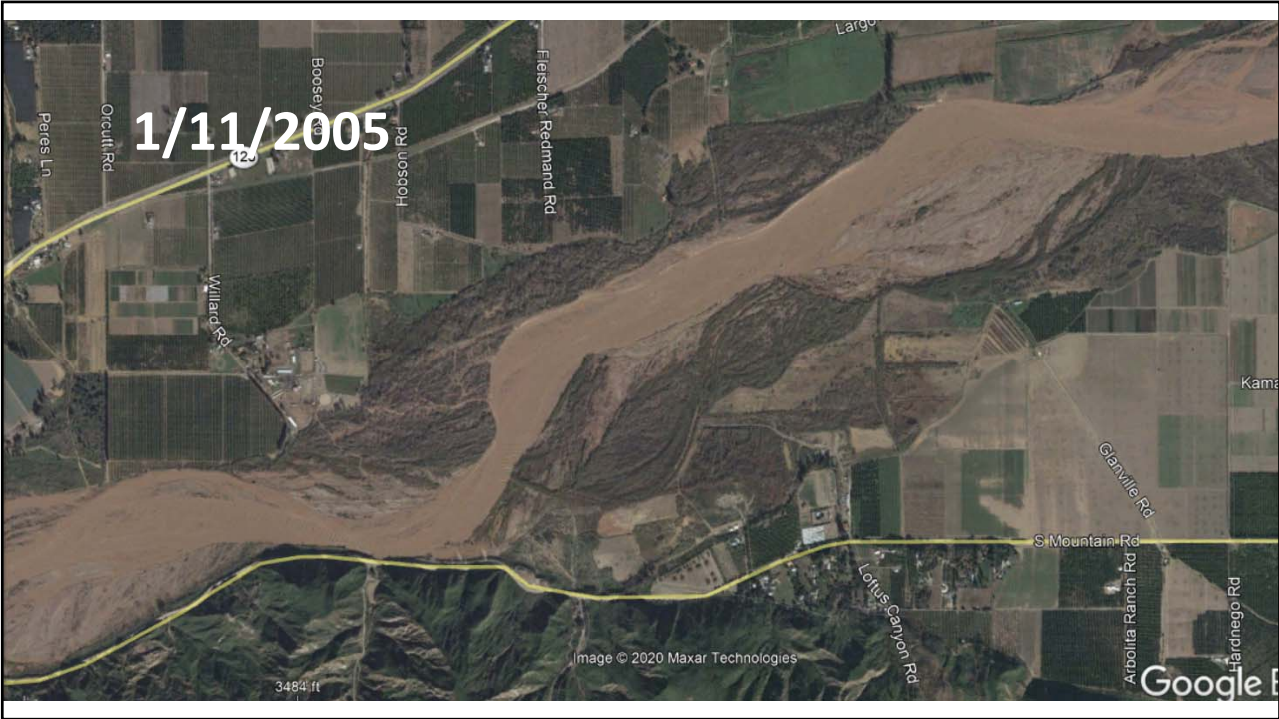


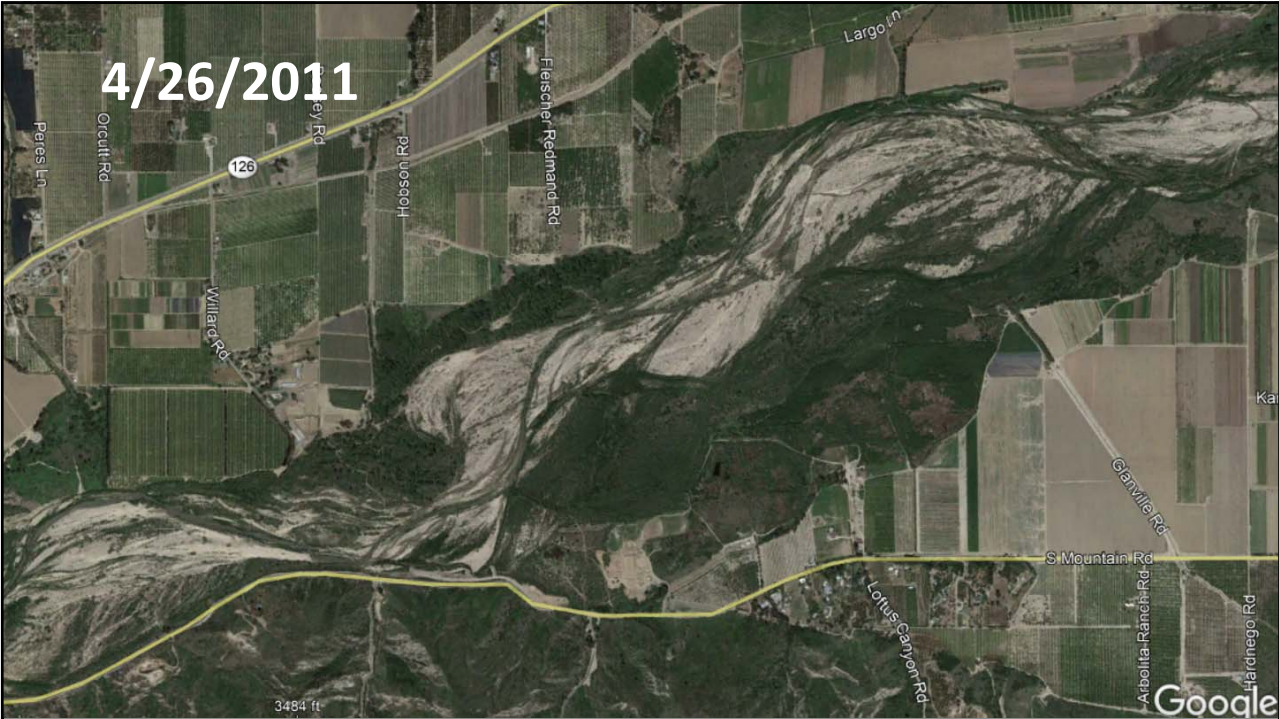
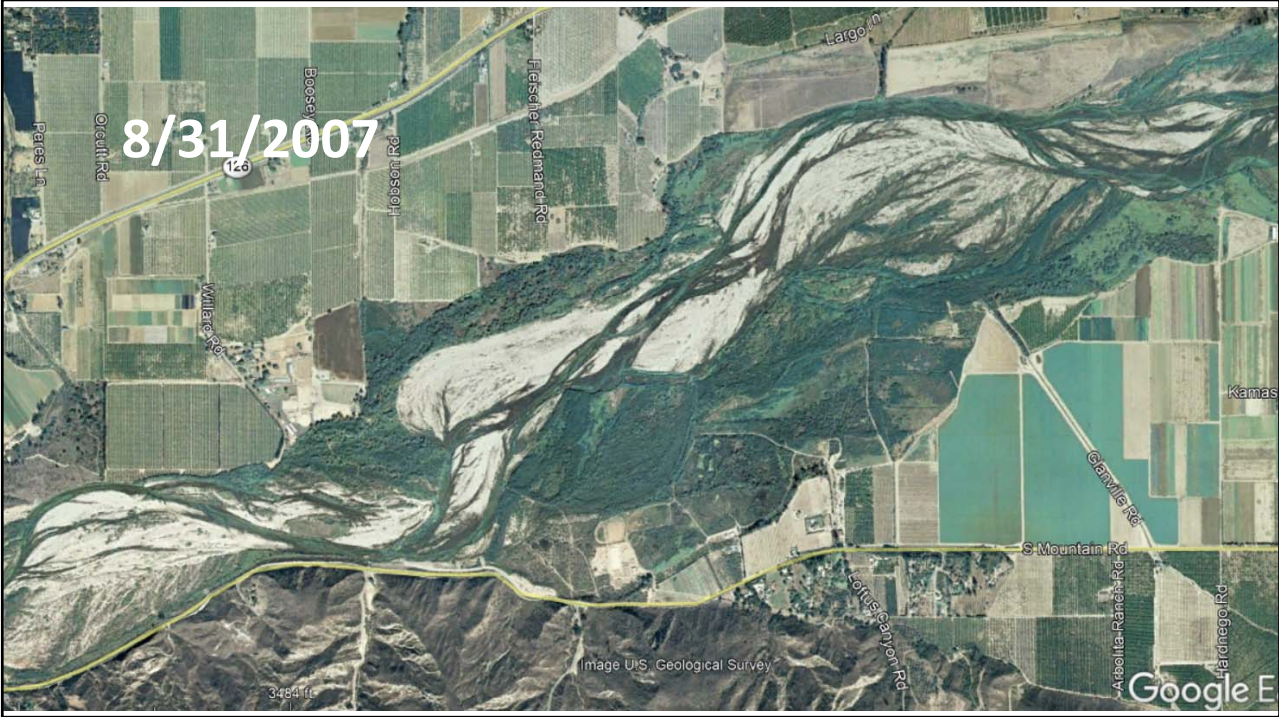


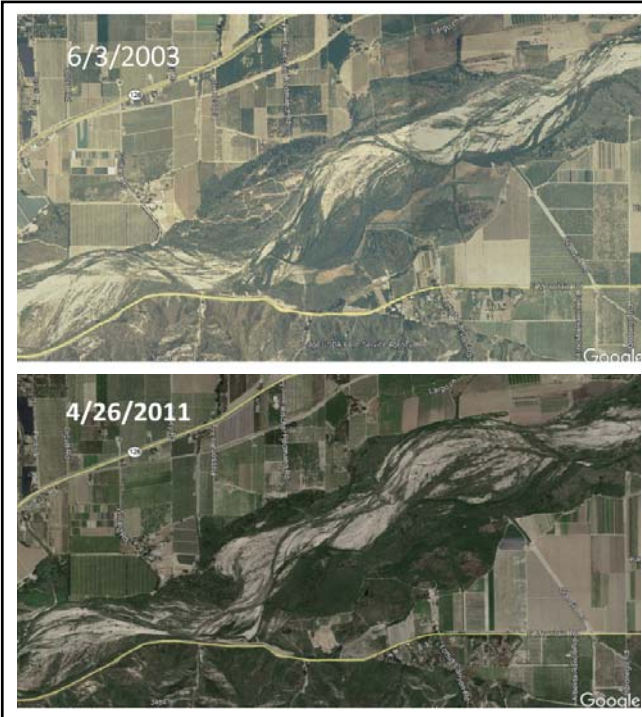












### Observations

- ✓ Significant recovery from scour associated with storm flows
- ✓ Drought periods stress vegetation (NDVI)
- ✓ Vegetation recovers from drought stress (NDVI)
- ✓ GW model suggests rising groundwater is partially depleted due to GW extractions
- ✓ Rising GW persists throughout major drought events

## Questions?

